MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

1. PLACE OF DEATH	1 2 3 28541
County Journ Begistration District 1	File No.
Township Primary Registration	District No
City (No	St
2. FULL NAME Bozil M. Brick	
(a) Residence. No	(If nonresident give city or town and State)
Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. mos. ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? yrs. mos. ds.	
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word) Wale. What Married	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) L 19 9 17. I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from
5a. If Married, Widowed, or Divorced HUSBAND OF Manda Rich.	that I last saw harmer: alive on
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) Wary 2 1840	THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS.
7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DOWS II LESS than 1 day,	Eschoul apoplery
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED	8 4 60
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work leading and foregreen	99 (duration) yes , mos 3 ds
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	CONTRIBUTORY arun Sclenos
(c) Name of employer	18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN SILVE CO. (STATE OR COUNTRY)	IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?
10. NAME OF FATHER CARRENTS	Was there an autopsyl Date of
11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY-OR TOWN)	WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIST
(STATE OR COUNTRY) (STATE OR COUNTRY)	(Sidned) Edward C. VSER, M.D., M.D.
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)	*State the Direase Causing Drath, or in deaths from V MENT CAUSES, state (1) Means and Nature of Indust, and (2) whether Accidental, Succident, or Homographia. (See reverse side for additional space.)
14. INFORMANT DAGIS, Rich	19. PLACE OF BURIAL CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
(Address) / (ph/ f, Ma an	Jark Jann Just 13 119
15. Sign. 12 19 19 20, Obrasi	20. UNDERTAKER APPORESS
	Nommera 10/0 1/13 de

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

Approved by U. S. Canqua and American Public Health

Association.

Statement of Occupation. Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factary. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm-laborer. Laborer -- Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At. home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Tyr hoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritongum, etq., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., ol (name orlgin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use; of "Tumor" for malignant noeplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Comp," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old 'age," "Shocki" "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitie," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATES State MEANS OF INJURY and quality. 88 ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, OF 88 probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revalver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Nors.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Cortificates will be returned for additional information while, give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole; cause of death: Abortion, celluitis, childbirth, convuisions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.